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TEAMS IN HEALTHCARE



The high-performing team is ... an essential tool for constructing a more patient-centred, coordinated, and effective health care delivery system.

Source: Mitchell P, Wynia M, Golden R et al. (2012) Core principles & values of team-based health care. Washington: Institute of Medicine. https://iii.hm/29f



A team is a group of individuals who work together to produce products or deliver services for which they are mutually accountable. The team members share common goals and rely on each other to achieve them. Because the team holds itself collectively accountable, the work of integrating with one another is included the responsibility of hers.

Source: Royal College of Radiologists clinical imaging https://iii.hm/29c

HOW NOT TO BUILD

- Building plans without consultation
- Autocratic leadership
- Failing to value diversity
- Springing ideas on others without discussion

Source: NHS Leadership Academy (2015) Engaging the team - healthcare leadership model dimensions. https://iii.hm/29g

5 PRINCIPLES OF TEAM-BASED HEALTHCARE

Shared goals

Clear roles

Mutual trust

Effective communication

Measurable processes and outcomes

Source: https://iii. hm/29f - p.6.

WHAT MAKES A TEAM **EFFECTIVE?**'

An effective team is one where the team members, including the patient, communicate with one another, as well as combining their observations, expertise and decisionmaking responsibilities to optimise care



Source: World Health Organization (2012) Being an effective team player. https://

THE POWER OF OBJECTIVES

The clearer the team's objectives - the higher the level of participation in the team - the higher the level of commitment to quality - the higher the level of support of innovationthe more effective, the more innovative are health care teams across virtually all domains of functioning.

Source: Borrill C, West M, Dawson J et al. (2006) Aston OD. Team working and effectiveness in health care. https://iii.hm/29e

INTERDISCIPLINARY TEAM COMPETENCIES

Demonstrates a team culture and interdisciplinary atmosphere of trust where contributions are valued and consensus is fostered.

Provides quality patient-focused services with documented out-comes; utilises feedback to improve the quality of care.

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Facilitates personal development through appropriate training rewards, recognition, and opportunities for career development.

Source: Nancarrow SA, Booth A, Ariss S et al. (2013) Ten principles of good interdisciplinary team work. Hum Resour Health, 11: 19. https://iii.hm/29h

LEADERSHIP GOLD

5 TEAM MEMBER VALUES

Characteristics of the most effective members of high-functioning teams in health care.

CREATIVITY

HONESTY

CURIOSITY

HUMILITY

Source: https://iii.hm/29f - p.5.

5 TIPS FOR LEADERS

Recognise talent and know how to keep it

Understand that change equals opportunity

Realise that healthcare is a business

Prioritise excellent customer service

Communicate a vision

Source: George Washington University Online Healthcare MBA program, https://iii.hm/29i

LEADERSHIP

Clear leadership involves creating alignment amongst team members around shared objectives, and strategies to attain them; increasing enthusiasm and excitement about the work, and maintaining a sense of optimism and confidence; helping those within the team appreciate each others' contribution and helping them to learn how to confront and resolve differences constructively; helping people to co-ordinate activities, and continuously improve; helping them to develop their capabilities and encouraging flexibility; and offering objective analysis of processes and encouraging collective learning about better ways to work together.

Source: Borrill C. West M. Dawson J et al. (2006) Aston OD. Team working and effectiveness in health care. https://iii.hm/29e

